LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

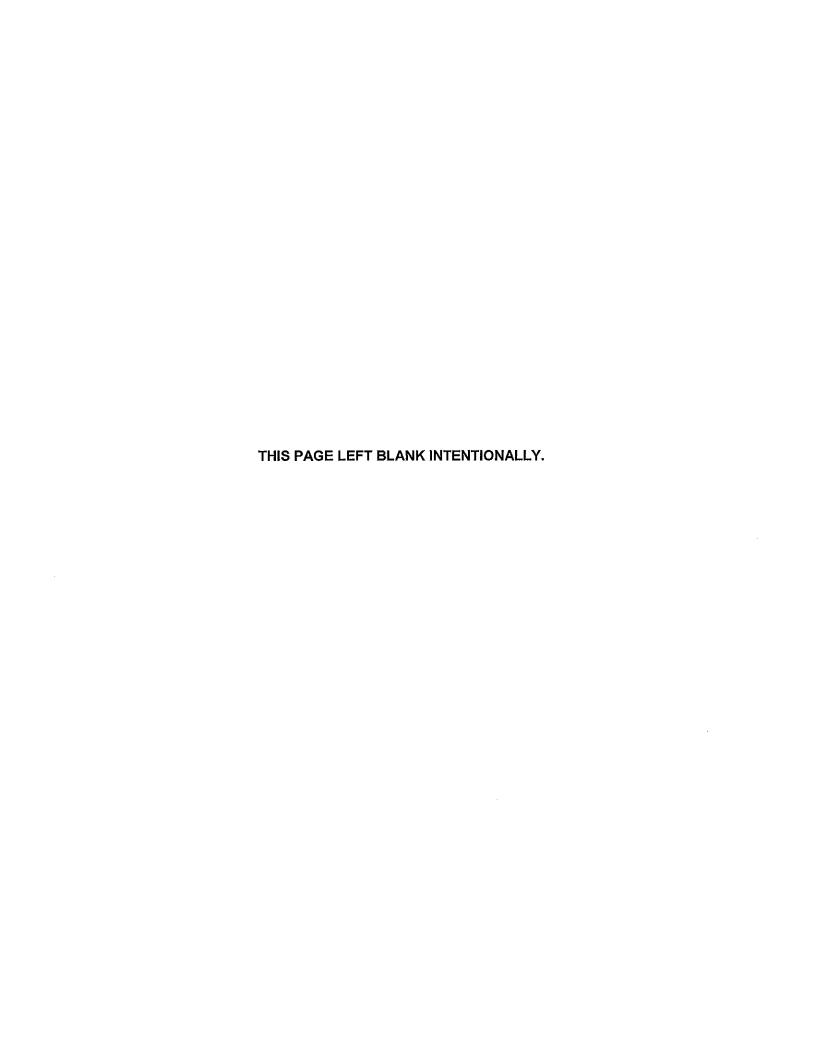
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LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

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SWAIM, BRENTS & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 2804 Jefferson Drive Liberty, Texas 77575 (936) 336-7205

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Liberty County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Liberty County, Texas (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The County's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Liberty County, Texas, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Fund Classifications

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, beginning fund balance and net position has been restated to reflect changes in certain fund classifications from the 2015 financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, pension plan information and other post employment benefit information on pages 3-9 and 41-47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 27, 2017, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

to + associates, P.C.

Swaim, Brents & Associates, P.C.

Liberty, Texas June 27, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the annual financial report of Liberty County, Texas (the County) presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

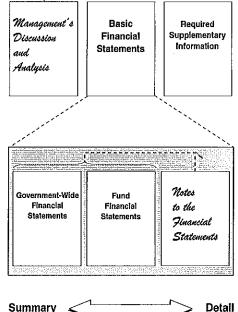
- The County's total combined net position was \$216.3 thousand at September 30, 2016, compared to a deficit of \$469.4 thousand at September 30, 2015.
- Revenues for 2016 were \$49.1 million compared to \$44.1 million in 2015. The increase of \$5.0 million was attributable to increases in property taxes (\$1.8 million), grants (\$1.2 million) and forfeitures from criminal cases (\$1.2 million). Additionally, 2015 amounts included a loss on sale of assets of \$0.8 million that was not recurring in 2016.
- During the year ended September 30, 2016, the County's total expenses were \$48.4 million compared to \$46.3 million in 2015.
- The general fund reported a fund balance of \$11.5 million at September 30, 2016, a \$1.4 million increase from September 30, 2015. Additionally, the road and bridge fund reported a fund balance of \$2.3 million, an increase of \$0.8 million over 2015.
- At September 30, 2016, unassigned fund balance in the general fund was \$11.3 million, which is approximately 40 percent of general fund expenditure levels in 2016.
- During 2016, the County 's bonds payable decreased \$1.3 million, including the full retirement of the 2007 Certificates of Obligation. The bond debt outstanding at September 30, 2016 was \$12.8 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements of the County include (a) Management's Discussion and Analysis, (b) Government-wide Financial Statements, (c) Fund Financial Statements, (d) Notes to Financial Statements; and (e) Required Supplementary Information. The basis of presentation and the basis of accounting for the government-wide and fund financial statements is discussed below:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that
 provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's
 overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities in the government that operates like businesses.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Required Components of the County's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Major Features of the County's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Fund Statements

			Trum Otationicales	
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
	Entire County's government	The activities of the County	Activities the County	Instances in which the
	(except fiduciary finds)	that are not proprietary or	operates similar to private	County is the trustee or
Scope	and the County's component unit	fiduciary	businesses & self insurance	agent for someone else's resources
	*Statement of net position	*Balance sheet	Statement of net position	Statement of fiduciary net position — agency funds
Required financial statements	*Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	* Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position	
			◆ Statement of cash flows	1
Accounting basis and measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accusal accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the County's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources—is one way to measure the County's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the County, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the County's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the County consist of *Governmental activities*. All of the County's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, public transportation, judicial, legal, health and welfare, financial, and interest on long-term debt. Property taxes, other taxes, and intergovernmental revenues finance most of these activities. The County's internal service fund, the employee health trust fund, is also included in these statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant *funds*—not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The County Commissioners establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes, grants and fees.

The County has the following types of funds:

- Governmental Funds—Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information to the right of the governmental funds statement, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them. The County's governmental funds include the general fund, a capital projects fund, a debt service fund and 38 special revenue funds. The road and bridge fund is the only major special revenue fund.
- Proprietary Funds—The County has an internal service fund included in this category. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.
- Fiduciary Funds—The County has six funds that are agency funds. Because these are held in a trustee or agency capacity, the agency funds are not included in the Government-wide financial statements of the County.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Net position. The County's combined net position was \$216.3 thousand at September 30, 2016, compared to a deficit of \$469.4 thousand at September 30, 2015. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1
County's Net Position
(In thousands of dollars)

Total

	Govern Activ	Total Percentage Change	
	2016	2015 (1)	2016-2015
Assets: Cash Taxes Receivable, Net Due from Other Governments Due from Others Prepaid Items Other Assets Capital Assets, Net Total Assets	\$20,768.5 2,663.5 2,105.2 285.9 214.5 188.4 21,234.0 47.460.0	\$17,834.2 2,678.8 3,063.3 89.7 265.9 275.7 22,532.0 46,739.6	16.5% -0.6% -31.3% 218.4% 219.3% -31.7% -5.8%
Total Assets	47,400.0	40,739.0	1.076
Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,624.5	3,131.0	143.5%
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments Due to Others Accrued Interest Payable Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year Total Liabilities	3,024.0 156.5 679.3 115.3 2,441.0 47,617.3 54,033.4	3,382.5 89.6 763.7 101.4 2,202.5 43,447.2 49,986.9	-10.6% 74.7% -11.1% 13.7% 10.8% 9.6% 8.1%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	834.8	353.1	375.1%
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	6,917.1 8,433.2 (15,134.0)	7,732.7 6,600.3 (14,802.4)	-10.5% 27.8% -2.2%
Total Net Position	\$216.3	\$(469.4)	146.1%

(1) Certain reclassifications have been made to conform to the current year presentation.

As of September 30, 2016, the County's overall net position was \$216.3 thousand. The County had invested \$6.9 million in capital assets, net of related debt. Approximately \$8.4 million of the County's net position is restricted for specific purposes including debt service, construction projects, community development, pubic safety, records management and judicial and legal purposes. The remaining unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$15.1 million.

The overall net position at September 30, 2015 was a deficit of \$469.4 thousand. The components of net position were comparable to 2016 with net investment in capital assets of \$7.7 million, restricted net position of \$6.6 million and an unrestricted deficit of \$14.8 million.

Changes in Net Position

The County's total revenues for 2016 were \$49.1 million compared to \$44.1 million in 2015. A significant portion, 60 percent, of the County's revenue comes from property taxes. Other revenue sources include charges for services (14 percent), sales and other taxes (7 percent), and operating grants (17 percent). The total cost of all programs and services was \$48.4 million compared to \$46.3 million in 2015.

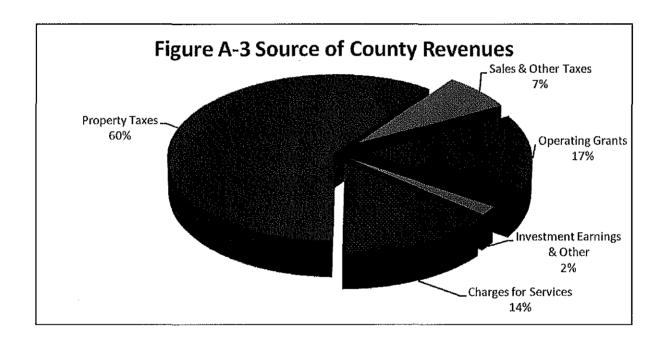


Table A-2 Changes in the County's Net Position (In thousands of dollars)

(111	anousands or dona	10)	
	Governmer Activities	3	Total Percentage Change
	2016	2015(1)	2016-2015
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services Operating Grants and	\$6,944.5	\$5,718.9	21.4%
Contributions	8,452.0	7,218.7	17.1%
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	29,348.9	27,508.0	6.7%
Sales Taxes	3,514.0	3,702.0	-5.0%
Other Taxes	55.2	49.0	12.7%
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Assets	9.9	(818.0)	-101.2%
Investment Earnings	96.6	167.1	-42.2%
Other	715.9	531.6	34.7%
Total Revenues	49,137.0	44,077.3	11.5%
Expenses by Functions/ Programs			
General Government	4,785.2	5,358.6	-10.7%
Judicial	5,392.4	4,909.7	9.8%
Legal	2,328.8	2,012.4	15.7%
Financial	3,051.3	2,713.2	12.5%
Public Safety	14,540.2	13,959.7	4.2%
Health and Welfare	1,101.6	1,069.8	3.0%
Public Transportation	9,400.3	8,739.4	7.6%
Community Development	5,817.2	5,695.3	2.1%
Other	1,469.9	1,247.9	17.8%
Interest and fiscal agent fees	554.6	573.4	-3.3%
Total Expenses	48,441.5	46,279.4	4.7%
Change in Net Position	695.5	(2,202.1)	131.6%
Net Position - Beginning	(469.4)	1,732.7	-127.1%
Prior Period Adjustment (2)	(9.8)	-	100.0%
Net Position - Ending	\$216.3	\$(469.4)	146.1%

⁽¹⁾ Certain reclassifications have been made to conform to the current year presentation.(2) Certain funds were reclassified by type for 2016 resulting in a change in net position beginning of year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$49.1 million, an increase of \$3.5 million from 2015. The increase in revenues was primarily attributable to an increase in property taxes of \$1.7 million, an increase in forfeitures received by the County of \$1.2 million and an increase in intergovernmental revenue of \$1.2 million. Expenditures for the governmental funds were higher than in prior year by \$0.7 million (1.5%). The gradual increases in overall functional expenditures was partially offset by lower debt service costs of \$0.5 million.

The General Fund revenues increased \$1.4 million over 2015 to \$29.6 million, primarily due to an increase in property taxes. The expenditures of the General Fund remained consistent with 2015 levels at \$28.2 million. Overall, the General Fund had an increase in fund balance for the year of \$1.4 million.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund revenues increased \$1.3 million over 2015 to \$8.8 million. The increase was primarily due to increased property taxes (\$0.5 million) and higher intergovernmental revenues (\$0.8 million). Expenditures for road and bridge operations increased \$0.6 million over 2015, as the County utilized the intergovernmental funding. Overall, the fund had an increase in fund balance for the year of \$0.8 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The County revises its budget as needed to meet the needs of the County. General fund revenues were \$1.0 million (4%) higher than budgeted primarily due to higher property tax revenues than expected. Expenditures were lower than appropriations by \$1.4 million (5%) as actual expenditures for all functions was below budgeted amounts. The general government and public safety functions had the most significant variations from budget at \$0.4 million and \$0.5 million lower than budget, respectfully.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2016, the County had invested \$65.8 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, machinery and equipment, buildings, vehicles, infrastructure. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$1.2 million over the prior year, before consideration of depreciation.

Table A-4
County's Capital Assets
(In thousands of dollars)

·	Governmental Activities 2016 2015		Total Percentage Change 2016-2015
Land	\$2,618.8	\$2,618.8	0.0%
Buildings and Improvements	15,614.2	15,614.2	0.0%
Furniture, Machinery and Equipment	17,995.6	16,919.2	6.4%
Infrastructure	29,602.1	29,494.9	0.4%
Totals at Historical Cost	65,830.7	64,647.1	1.8%
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(44,596.7)	(42,115.0)	5.9%
Net Capital Assets	\$21,234.0	\$22,532.1	-5.8%

Long-Term Liabilities

At yearend, the County had \$15.0 million in long-term debt outstanding, as well as other long-term liabilities related to employee benefits as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information out the County's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-5
County's Long-Term Liabilities
(In thousands of dollars)

			Total
	Governn	nental	Percentage
	Activit	ties	Change
	2016	2015	2016-2015
0.00			
Certificates of Obligation	-	\$885.0	-100.0%
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	\$12,845.0	13,225.0	-2.9%
Issuance Premiums	313.4	339.5	-7.7%
Obligations Under Capital Leases	1,871.8	2,037.3	-8.1%
Compensated Absences	720.7	627.8	14.8%
Net Pension Liability	12,864.9	8,764.0	46.8%
Other Postemployment Benefits	21,640.0	19,771.1	9.5%
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$50,255.8	\$45,649.7	10.1%

The County's bonds are rated "AA/Stable" by Standard & Poor's Rating Services.

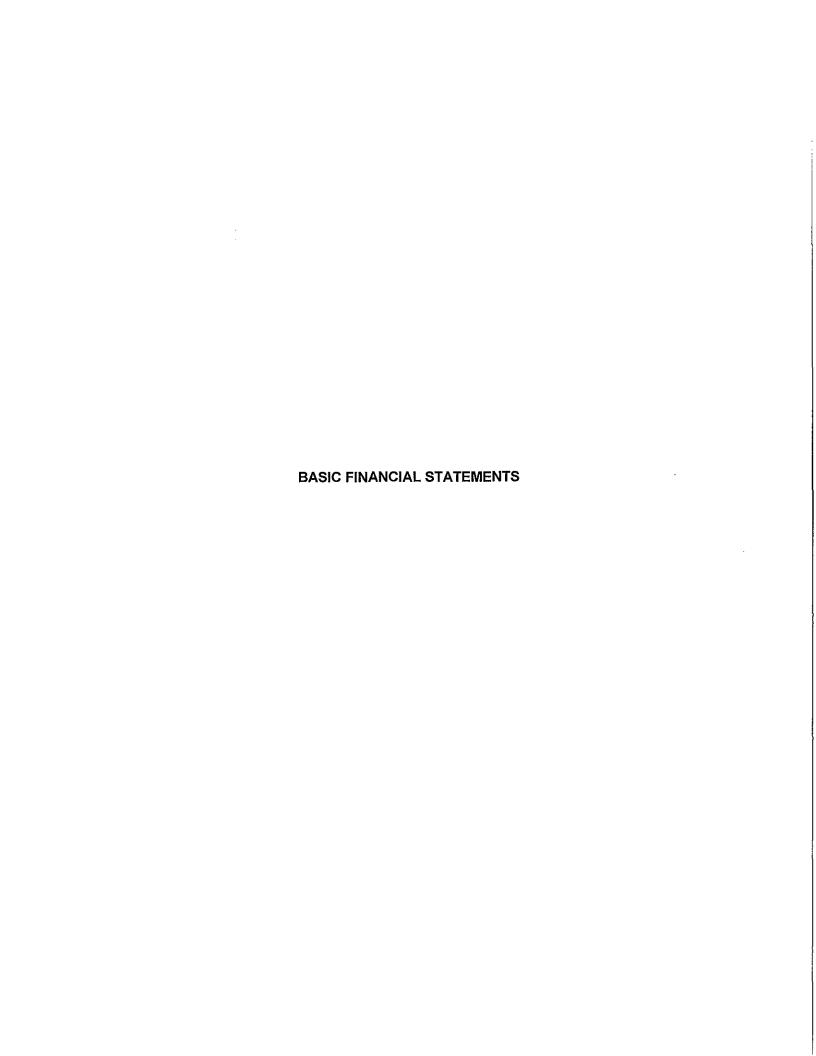
ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised value used for the 2017 budget preparation increased 4% over the amounts used in 2016. The
 combined tax rate is budgeted to remain consistent at \$0.5788 per \$100 assessed valuation. As a result,
 property taxes are expected to increase approximately 3% over prior year. Overall general fund revenues are
 expected to increase 4% over 2016 levels.
- General operating fund spending in the 2017 budget is expected to be \$31.2 million, a 4.0% increase over budgeted amounts for 2016.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2017. The 2017 budget is essentially a balanced budget. As a result fund balance in the general fund is expected to remain constant.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report or requests for additional financial information, should be directed to Dwayne Gott, CPA, County Auditor's Office, Liberty County, Texas, 1923 Sam Houston, Liberty, Texas 77575.



		:

LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$20,768,453
Taxes Receivable, Net	2,663,486
Other Receivables	314
Due from Other Governments	2,105,182
Due from Others	285,649
Prepaids	214,448
Other Assets	188,428
Capital Assets, Net	21,234,040
TOTAL ASSETS	47,460,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Interest on Refunded Debt	713,294
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	6,911,192
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	7,624,486
·	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	3,023,910
Due to Other Governments	156,493
Due to Others	679,309 115,333
Accrued Interest Payable Long-term Liabilities:	110,000
Due Within One Year	2,441,048
Due In More Than One Year	47,617,262
TOTAL LIABILITIES	54,033,355
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Revenue Received in Advance	243,672
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	591,116
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	834,788
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,917,140
Restricted	8,433,233
Unrestricted	(15,134,030)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$216,343

LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		The second secon	
	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
Functions/Programs			
Primary Government:			
Government Activities:			
General Government	\$4,785,195	\$1,409,999	\$613,919
Judicial	5,392,434	1,122,571	29,971
Legal	2,328,780	741,020	30,345
Financial	3,051,318	-	-
Public Safety	14,540,172	1,129,432	675,524
Health and Welfare	1,101,667	-	-
Public Transportation	9,400,295	2,072,555	1,273,951
Community Development	5,817,173	_	5,828,239
Other	1,469,873	468,920	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	554,599	-	_
Total Governmental Activities	48,441,506	6,944,497	8,451,949
Total Primary Government	\$48,441,506	\$6,944,497	\$8,451,949
Total Governmental Activities	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	•

General Revenues
Property Taxes
Sales Tax
Other Taxes
Gain/loss on Sale of Assets
Miscellaneous Income
Investment Income
Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position, Beginning of Year Prior Period Adjustment Net Position, Beginning of Year (Restated)

Net Position, End of Year

Net (Expenses)
Revenue and
Changes in Net
Position
Governmental
Activities

\$(2,761,277) (4,239,892) (1,557,415) (3,051,318) (12,735,216) (1,101,667) (6,053,789) 11,066 (1,000,953) (554,599) (33,045,060)

29,348,929 3,514,050 55,172 9,870 715,971 96,562 33,740,554

(469,389) (9,762) (479,151)

\$216,343

LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXASBALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	General Fund	Road and Bridge	Capital Projects
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable, Net	\$8,965,268 1,973,544	\$2,529,560 516,570	\$3,875,278
Other Receivables Due from Other Governments Due from Others	653,990 207,547	745,417 4,153	- - 5,547
Due from Other Funds Prepaid Items Other Assets	2,737,292 213,611 188,428	837 	<u>.</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	14,939,680	3,796,537	3,880,825
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-		-
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$14,939,680	\$3,796,537	\$3,880,825
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Governments	\$1,610,458 62,093	\$619,185 -	- -
Due to Others Due to Other Funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	17,631 1,000 1,691,182	169,239 788,424	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			
RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue – Property Taxes Revenue Received in Advance	1,778,593	468,605 243,672	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,778,593	712,277	
FUND BALANCES Unspendable Prepaid Items Restricted Fund Balances:	213,611	-	-
Debt Service Capital Projects Special Revenue Funds	- - -	- - -	\$3,880,825 -
Committed Fund Balance Unassigned	- 11,256,294	2,295,836	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	11,469,905	2,295,836	3,880,825
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND	444700.000	#0 700 507	#0.000.00
FUND BALANCES	\$14,939,680	\$3,796,537	\$3,880,825

Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$311,629 173,372	\$4,822,357	\$20,504,092 2,663,486
-	314	314
-	705,775	2,105,182
-	10,479	227,726
-	173,231	2,910,523
-	-	214,448
485 001	E 710 156	188,428 28,814,199
485,001	5,712,156	20,014,199
<u>-</u> _		
\$485,001	\$5,712,156	\$28,814,199
- - -	\$450,349 94,400 661,678 277,486 1,483,913	\$2,679,992 156,493 679,309 447,725 3,963,519
\$155,289 	<u>-</u>	2,402,487 243,672
155,289		2,646,159
-	-	213,611
329,712	-	329,712
•	-	3,880,825
-	4,228,243	4,228,243
-	-	2,295,836
_		11,256,294
329,712	4,228,243	22,204,521
\$485,001	\$5,712,156	\$28,814,199

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LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS
RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES	\$22,204,521
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (SNP) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	21,234,040
The internal service fund is used to charge the costs of self-insurance activities to the appropriate function in the other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities in the SNP.	(2,484,432)
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	2,402,487
Payables for debt principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(14,716,796)
Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(115,333)
The premium paid for bond issuance is income in the funds when incurred but are deferred and amortized in the SNP.	(313,398)
The liability for net pension obligation is not due in the current period and is not reported in the funds.	(12,864,900)
The liability for OPEB is not due in the current period and is not reported in the funds.	(21,442,557)
The liability for compensated absences is not due in the current period and is not reported in the funds.	(720,659)
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore are not reported in the funds, as follows: Deferred outflows of resources	6,911,192
Deferred inflows of resources	(591,116)
Interest on advance refunding of debt is expensed in the funds but deferred and amortized in the SNP.	713,294
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$216,343

LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXASSTATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	General Fund	Road and Bridge	Capital Projects
REVENUES:			
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$22,131,788	\$5,522,953	-
Sales Tax	3,514,050	-	-
Other Taxes	55,172	-	-
Licenses and Permits	468,920	-	-
Fees, Fines & Forfeitures	2,401,073	1,672,456	-
Charges for Services	159,207	-	-
Intergovernmental Revenue	516,640	1,273,951	-
Investment Income	71,081	-	\$18,926
Other Revenues	302,377	320,539	-
TOTAL REVENUES	29,620,308	8,789,899	18,926
EXPENDITURES:			
General Government	4,031,383	_	_
Judicial	4,720,015	-	-
Legal	1,896,182	_	-
Financial	2,863,013	_	_
Public Safety	12,238,855	-	-
Health and Welfare	1,068,089	_	-
Public Transportation	, , <u>.</u>	6,994,333	-
Other	834,246	568,867	_
Capital Expenditures	426,147	635,001	=
Debt Service: Principal	174,607	396,332	_
Interest & Fees	44,109	87,762	_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	28,296,646	8,682,295	_
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
EXPENDITURES	1,323,662	107,604	18,926
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Operating Transfers In	89,131	300,000	
Operating Transfers Out	(34,153)	(40,000)	-
	28,401	377,019	-
Capital Lease Issuance	26,401	11,670	-
Sale of Capital Assets	83,379		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	03,378	648,689	-
Net Change In Fund Balances	1,407,041	756,293	18,926
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	10,062,864	1,539,543	3,861,899
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$11,469,905	\$2,295,836	\$3,880,825

LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$1,629,264		\$29,284,005
φ1,029,20 4	- -	3,514,050
	_	55,172
_	-	468,920
-	\$2,180,603	6,254,132
_	62,238	221,445
-	6,661,358	8,451,949
3,565	-	93,572
· <u>-</u>	93,055	715,971
1,632,829	8,997,254	49,059,216
-	5,902,214	9,933,597
-	219,050	4,939,065
-	240,597	2,136,779 2,863,013
-	900,543	2,663,013 13,139,398
-	900,545	1,068,089
	58,731	7,053,064
_	-	1,403,113
-	385,314	1,446,462
1,265,000	-	1,835,939
345,704	-	477,575
1,610,704	7,706,449	46,296,094
		
22,125	1,290,805	2,763,122
-	34,153	423,284
-	(349,131)	(423,284)
-	-	405,420
	-	11,670
	(314,978)	417,090
22,125	975,827	3,180,212
307,587	3,252,416	19,024,309
\$329,712	\$4,228,243	\$22,204,521

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LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$3,180,212
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (SOA) are different because:	
The internal service fund is used to charge the costs of self-insurance activities to the appropriate functions in the other funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is included in the governmental activities in the SOA.	(731,464)
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	1,446,462
Loss on disposition of capital assets in the SOA is not reported in the funds.	(1,800)
The depreciation of capital assets used in the governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	(2,742,667)
Interest paid for advance refunding of bonds is expensed in the funds but is deferred and amortized in the SNP. This is the change in amounts this year.	(89,162)
Premium received with bond issuance is revenue in the funds, but is deferred and amortized in the SNP. This is the change in these amounts this year.	26,116
Certain property taxes are deferred inflows in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	64,924
Interest is not expensed until paid in the funds but is expensed when incurred in the SOA. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(13,978)
Payables for compensated absences which were not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(92,901)
Proceeds from issuance of debt is a current financial resource in the funds but not in the SOA.	(405,420)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	1,835,939
Change in the OPEB liability is not reported as expenses in the funds.	(1,671,548)
Change in net pension obligation and deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions are not reported as expenses in the funds.	(109,219)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$695,494

LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$264,361 57,033
Due from Others TOTAL ASSETS	<u>57,923</u> 322,284
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable	343,918
Due to Other Funds	2,462,798
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,806,716
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
NET POSITION Unrestricted (Deficit) TOTAL NET POSITION	(2,484,432) \$(2,484,432)

LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES: County and Employee Contributions	¢5 376 710
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$5,376,718 5,376,718
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Claims, Premiums and Administrative Costs	6,111,172
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	6,111,172
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(734,454)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	0.000
Investment Income TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	2,990 2,990
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(731,464)
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(731,464)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(1,752,968)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$(2,484,432)

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LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service <u>Fund</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from County and Employee Contributions Cash Paid for Claims, Premiums, and Administrative Costs NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$5,449,602 (6,167,605) (718,003)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Cash and Investments NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	2,990 2,990
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(715,013)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR</u>	979,374 \$264,361
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) for Operation	ing Activities:
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) for Operating Activities -	\$(734,454)
(Increase) Decrease in: Due from Others	(13,122)
Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	(56,433) 86,006
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$(718,003)

LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$6,329,345
Due from Others	72,979
TOTAL ASSETS	\$6,402,324
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$19,456
Due to Other Governments	185,899
Due to Others	6,196,969
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$6,402,324

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity -

Liberty County, Texas, is an independent government entity created in 1836 by an act of the Texas Legislature. The County is governed by Commissioners' Court, composed of four County Commissioners and the county Judge, all of which are elected officials.

The County's financial statement include the accounts of all County operations. The major operations include general government, judicial, legal, financial, public safety, health and welfare and public transportation services.

The basic financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

For financial reporting purposes, the County includes all entities, organizations or functions that are controlled by or dependent on the County. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of control of the governing board, budget adoption, taxing authority, and responsibility for debts or deficits.

The accompanying financial statements include those of the Liberty County, Texas (the primary government) and its component unit. The Liberty County Juvenile Probation Department, an entity legally separate from the County, is so closely related to the County that it is considered an extension of the County. Therefore, the entity is reported as if it were part of the County's operations, and is included in the financial reporting entity as a blended component unit. Its financial activity is reported as a special revenue fund in the accompanying financial statements. The financial statements of the entity are separately audited as of their fiscal year end (August 31) to meet the reporting requirements of their major funding source (the State of Texas). Audited financial statements can be obtained by contacting the Liberty County Auditor, 1923 Sam Houston, Liberty, Texas 77575. There are no other entities that should be included in the County's reporting entity because of significant operational or financial relationships to the County.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation -

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed through user charges.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the County. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on the major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Types: All governmental funds are reported using modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes receivable, though measurable, are not available soon enough in the subsequent year to finance current period obligations. Therefore, property taxes are recorded and deferred until they become available. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. The funds included in this category are as follows:

General Fund – This fund is the general operating fund of the County and is used to account for resources and functions traditionally associated with governments that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – These funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Road & Bridge Fund is a major special revenue fund. It is used to account for revenues of property taxes levied and vehicle registration fees for the road & bridge activities. Uses of funds are restricted for the maintenance of roads, bridges and the operations of related facilities. All precinct operations as well as permanent road monies are accounted for in this fund. All other special revenue funds are nonmajor for the current fiscal year.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, all general obligation indebtedness. The Debt Service Fund of the County is reflected as a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

Capital Projects Funds – These funds are used to account for all major capital expenditures not financed by the proprietary or trust funds. The County has a Capital Projects Fund (major fund) that includes remaining unspent funds from a debt issuance that is restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proprietary Fund Types: All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The County has an internal service fund included in this category. The Internal Service Fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the County's medical and dental self-insurance program in accordance with Chapter 172 of the Texas Government code. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues are derived from county contributions, employee and retiree COBRA premiums and investment of idle funds. Expenses are for claims, premiums, and administrative costs. The general fund is contingently liable for liabilities of the internal service fund. Sub-fund accounting is employed to maintain the integrity of the self-insurance activities of the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fiduciary Fund Types: Fiduciary fund statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds report resources held by the County in a custodial capacity for individuals, organizations, and other units of governments.

C. Use of Estimates -

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to governmental entities, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting -

Prior to September 30, of each year, the County adopts a budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1, of that year. The budget, which includes anticipated revenues and expenditures, is adopted for the General Fund and most special revenue funds. The legal level of control is the department level for all funds. Management may not amend the budget without the approval of Commissioners' Court. The budget is amended by the Commissioners' Court as needed throughout the year.

E. Interfund Transactions and Balances -

Interfund transactions intended to reflect the transfer of resources between funds are reflected as transfers. Certain transactions representing short-term liabilities between funds are recorded as receivables and payables in the respective funds at the time the transactions are reported on the fund basis statements. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents -

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash deposits and certificates of deposit are reported at their carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

G. Accounts Receivable -

All receivables are shown net of any allowance for uncollectible amounts.

H. Inventories -

The County does not maintain significant inventories of materials and supplies in the governmental fund types. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred, (i.e., the purchase method). The inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in/first-out method.

Prepaid Items –

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting period (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation -

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the County as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. The minimum capitalization threshold is any individual item with a total cost greater than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets, the County chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the County constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Other capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method and depreciation expense for governmental assets is specifically identified by function. The following estimated useful lives are used for calculating depreciation expense:

Depreciable Life

Infrastructure		40-50
Building & improvements	•	30
Vehicles		5-8
Machinery & equipment		5-10
Furniture and fixtures		3-10

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources –

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an addition to net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. Long-term Obligations -

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements until due. The face amount of debt issued is reported as another financing source. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Assets acquired under the terms of capital leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the fund financial statements. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the fund upon payment. Principal payments reduce long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Fund Balances -

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the County Commissioners' Court through approval of resolutions. Assigned fund balances is a limitation imposed by a designee of the County Commissioners' Court. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories. Negative unassigned fund balance in any other governmental funds represents excess expenditures incurred over the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

For the government-wide financial statements, net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either: (1) Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

N. Net Position -

Net positions represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements. Net positions are classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted net position – This amount is restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted net position – This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

O. Property Taxes -

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied as of October 1 of each year. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On February 1, a tax lien attached to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Uncollected amount at yearend are reported as deferred revenue. Delinquent property taxes collected within 60 days subsequent to yearend are recognized as revenue and the remainder is deferred.

P. Pensions -

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

B. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions -

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of financerelated legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation None Reported Action Taken
Not applicable

C. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Assets of Individual Funds -

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net assets at year-end, if any, along with remarks that address such deficits:

Fund Name Internal Service Fund Deficit <u>Amount</u> \$(2,484,432)

The Internal Service Fund accounts for health insurance benefits and has an interfund payable to the General Fund. See Note 5.

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The County's funds on deposit at the depository bank are required to be collateralized by securities and FDIC insurance. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

D. Cash Deposits -

The County's cash deposits at September 30, 2016, and during the year ended September 30, 2016, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

E. Investments -

The County is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, the Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Act) requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the County adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the County were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments that are allowable for the County. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and commercial paper.

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks –

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the County was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year-end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

1. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk.

2. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

At year-end, the County was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year-end, the County was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

4. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the County was not exposed to interest rate risk.

5. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the County was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Taxable property within the County is subject to assessment, levy and collection of ad valorem taxes necessary to provide for the payment of general obligation indebtedness, and to support the general governmental services provided. The total tax rate for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, was \$0.5788 per \$100 assessed valuation based on the total net assessed value of \$28,915,744. This includes a debt service rate of \$0.0326 per \$100 assessed valuation and a maintenance and operations rate of \$0.5462 per \$100 assessed valuation. The maintenance and operations rate includes \$0.1092 for road and bridge maintenance and operations.

Taxes are levied on October 1 of each year, and are payable without penalty or interest through the following January 31. The County recognizes property tax revenue when levied to the extent that it results in current receivables.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes receivable of \$6,164,274 at September 30, 2016, are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes.

NOTE 5 - DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

As of September 30, 2016, interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following:

Due to Fund	Due from Fund	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	\$2,462,798	Short-term loan
Land Acquisition Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	169,239	Loan for equipment purchase
General Fund	Other Special Revenue Funds	274,494	Short-term loans primarily in anticipation of grant funding
Other Special Revenue Funds	General Fund	1,000	Short-term loan
Other Special Revenue Funds	Other Special Revenue Funds	2,992	Short-term loan
•	·	\$2,910,523	

NOTE 6 - TRANSFERS BETWEEN FUNDS

Transfers between funds during 2016 consisted of the following:

Operating Transfers In	Operating Transfers Out	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	FEMA Grant Fund	\$16,541
General Fund	TDHCA Grant Fund	2,250
General Fund	Homeland Security	25,447
General Fund	Child Crimes Special Investigator	1,546
General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	40,000
General Fund	CDBG Fund	3,347
Road and Bridge Fund	Land Acquisition Fund	300,000
Child Crimes Special Investigator	General Fund	5,010
Law Library	General Fund	25,843
District Clerk Child Support	General Fund	3,300
		\$423,284

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases & Transfers	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:			•	
Land	\$2,618,764		-	\$2,618,764
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,618,764	-	-	2,618,764
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	15 614 155			4E 044 4EE
Buildings and Improvements	15,614,155	-	-	15,614,155
Infrastructure	29,494,893	\$107,328	-	29,602,221
Furniture, Machinery and Equipment	16,919,255	1,339,134	\$(262,778)	17,995,611
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	62,028,303	1,446,462	(262,778)	63,211,987
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	12,142,593	377,436	-	12,520,029
Infrastructure	17,022,497	1,285,062	-	18,307,559
Furniture, Machinery and Equipment	12,949,932	1,080,169	(260,978)	13,769,123
Total Accumulated Depreciation	42,115,022	2,742,667	(260,978)	44,596,711
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	19,913,281	(1,296,205)	(1,800)	18,615,276
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$22,532,045	\$(1,296,205)	\$(1,800)	\$21,234,040

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$400,842
Judicial	93,403
Financial	13,495
Public Safety	380,929
Public Transportation	1,853,998
Total Depreciation Expense	\$2,742,667

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2016 was as follows:

						Amount
		Beginning			Ending	Due in
	Rate	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Bonds:						
Certificates of Obligation						
Series 2007						
(Maturing 8/1/2024)	4.0-4.3%	\$885,000	-	\$(885,000)	-	-
General Obligation						
Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A						
(Maturing 8/1/2028)	2.0-4.0%	3,640,000	_	(220,000)	\$3,420,000	\$225,000
General Obligation		• •				
Refunding Bonds,						
Series 2012	4 7404	0 505 000		(400,000)	0.405.000	4 440 000
(Maturing 8/1/2024)	1.71%	9,585,000	-	(160,000)	9,425,000	1,110,000
Bond Premium		339,514		(26,116)	313,398	-
Total Bonds Payable		14,449,514		(1,291,116)	13,158,398	1,335,000
One Hall and Oblinetion			*	(
Capital Lease Obligations		2,037,315	\$405,420	(570,939)	1,871,796	385,389
Other Liabilities:						
Compensated Absences		627,758	527,628	(434,727)	720,659	720,659
Net Pension Liability		8,764,114	4,100,786	-	12,864,900	-
Other Postemployment		10 771 000	1 074 540		04 440 557	
Benefits		19,771,009	1,671,548	<u> </u>	21,442,557	
Total Governmental Activities	:	\$45,649,710	\$6,705,382	\$(2,296,782)	\$50,058,310	\$2,441,048

Bonds and Certificates of Obligation

General obligation bonds and certificates are serviced by the debt service fund funded by tax levy. Principal and interest requirements to retire the County's general long-term bonds are as follows as of September 30, 2016:

Fiscal	General Obligation Bonds		Total Debt
<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Service</u>
2017	\$1,335,000	\$297,968	\$1,632,968
2018	1,360,000	269,987	1,629,987
2019	1,390,000	241,349	1,631,349
2020	1,420,000	211,970	1,631,970
2021	1,455,000	181,848	1,636,848
2022-2026	5,195,000	449,882	5,644,882
2027-2028	690,000	41,800	731,800
Total	\$12,845,000	\$1,694,804	\$14,539,804

During 2016, the County fully retired the Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007. The debt had originally been issued in 2007 for \$9.97 million for capital projects.

The County has general obligation refunding bonds remaining outstanding at September 30, 2016. The bonds were originally issued in 2010 and in 2012 to retire other issuances of debt with higher interest rates.

NOTE 8 - LONG TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities Capital Leases

Property held under capital leases at September 30, 2016 totaled \$2,680,623. Future minimum lease payments for capital leases as of September 30, 2016, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	
2017	\$444,033
2018	396,268
2019	357,339
2020	345,320
2021	263,116
Thereafter	258,207
Total	2,064,283
Amount Representing Interest	(192,487)
Total	\$1,871,796

Compensated Absences

County employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on the length of their employment. Compensatory time may be carried from one year to the next year. Employees will be paid for unused compensatory time upon separation of employment. Employees' compensatory leave is earned one hour for each hour worked in excess of 40 hours in a single work week. Compensatory time may not exceed 80 hours for exempt employees. Non-exempt employees can earn up to 240 hours for regular employees and up to 480 hours for law enforcement commissioned employees. Compensation for vacation time may be carried from one year to the next year. Employees will be paid for unused vacation time up to 120 hours upon separation of employment. Unused accrued vacation in excess of these days will not be reimbursed. Accrued compensated absences at September 30, 2016, were \$720,659.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The County provides retirement benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan (Plan) in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple employer public employee retirement system consisting of separate nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034 or can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

Benefits Provided

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employerfinanced monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is accumulated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

At December 31, 2015, the latest available valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the plan:

Active employees	352
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	242
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	224
	818

Contributions

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 16.78% and 16.92% for the months of the accounting years in 2015 and 2016, respectively. The contribution rate payable by the employee members for 2015 and 2016 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. All eligible employees of the District are required to participate in TCDRS.

Net Pension Liability

The District's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

Real rate of return	5.0 percent
Inflation	3.0 percent
Investment rate of return	8.0 percent, net of Plan investment expense

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.5% (made up of 3.0% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.4% per year for a career employee.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 – December 31, 2012. In addition, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on projection Scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that.

The long term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Benchmark</u>	Target <u>Allocation (1)</u>	Geometric Real Rate Of Return (Expected Minus Inflation) (2)
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Index	14.50%	5.45%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (3)	14.00%	8.45%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	1.50%	5.75%
International Equities-Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	10.00%	5.45%
International Equities –Emerging	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	8.00%	6.45%
Investment – Grade Bonds	Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	1.00%
High-Yield Bonds	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	5.10%
Opportunistic Credit	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	2.00%	5.09%
Direct Lending	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	5.00%	6.40%
Distressed Debt	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	8.10%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% FRSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index	3.00%	4.00%
Master Limited Partnerships	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	6.80%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (4)	5.00%	6.90%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	25.00%	5.25%
Total	,	100.00%	

- (1) Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2016 TCDRS Board meeting.
- (2) Geometric real rates of return in addition to assumed inflation of 1.6%, per Cliffwater's 2016 capital market assumptions.
- (3) Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (4) Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate

The Discount Rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in the District's Net Pension Liability

Changes in the District's net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2015 were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)
Balances, December 31, 2014 Changes for the year:	\$68,033,321	\$59,269,207	\$8,764,114
Service cost	2,046,096	-	2,046,096
Interest on total pension liability (1)	5,447,108	_	5,447,108
Effect of plan changes (2)	(338,793)	-	(338,793)
Effect of economic/demographic gains/losses	(788, 157)	-	(788,157)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	719,589	-	719,589
Refund of contributions	(134,458)	(134,458)	<u>.</u>
Benefit payments	(3,893,746)	(3,893,746)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(42,246)	42,246
Member contributions	-	973,729	(973,729)
Net investment income	-	(278,020)	278,020
Employer contributions	-	2,307,041	(2,307,041)
Other charges (3)	-	24,553	(24,553)
Net Changes	3,057,639	(1,043,147)	4,100,786
Balances, December 31, 2015	\$71,090,960	\$58,226,060	\$12,864,900

- (1) Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.
- (2) Reflects new annuity purchase rates applicable to all TCDRS employers effective January 1, 2018.
- (3) Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	7.10%	8.10%	9.10%
Total pension liability	\$79,585,265	\$71,090,960	\$63,990,575
Fiduciary net position	58,226,060	58,226,060	<u>58,226,060</u>
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$21,359,205	\$12,864,900	<u>\$5,764,515</u>

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,552,645. At year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$31,769	\$591,116
Changes in assumptions	539,692	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	4,522,804	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,816,927	
Total	\$6,911,192	\$591,116

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,816,927 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (or increase in the net pension asset) for the year ended September 30, 2017. Other amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30:	Deferred <u>Outflows</u>
2017	\$1,166,965
2018	1,166,964
2019	1,151,080
2020	1,018,140
Total	\$4,503,149

NOTE 10 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The group plan is basically available for all full-time employees on a strictly voluntary basis. No contributions are made by the County to this plan. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The plan assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefits of the participants and their beneficiaries. The County's deferred compensation plan is administered by a private corporation under contract with the County. The plan assets are not included in the financial statements of the County.

NOTE 11 - HEALTH CARE

The County maintains a self-insured health plan (the Plan) for all eligible employees and retirees. The County contributed approximately \$4.9 million to the Plan to subsidize employee premiums during the year ended September 30, 2016. Employees are responsible for premiums for dependents. Health claim payments include the premiums for dependents' health insurance processed by a third party (Cigna Healthcare Insurance Company) acting on behalf of the County.

Claims incurred are subject to an annual specific deductible of \$150,000 and a maximum aggregate benefit of \$1,000,000. Employee health claims are self-insured by the County up to these annual limits and stop-loss benefits are provided by Cigna Healthcare Insurance Company.

At yearend, the County has recorded current health claim liabilities of \$343,918 in the internal service fund. These liabilities are based on requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which required that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probably that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 11 - HEALTH CARE (CONTINUED)

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the year ended September 30, 2016 are as follows:

 Beginning Balance – 9/30/2015
 \$400,351

 Claims Incurred
 6,111,172

 Claims Paid
 6,167,605

 Ending Balance – 9/30/2016
 \$343,918

NOTE 12 -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The County administers a single-employer defined benefit Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) plan, known as the County Health Insurance Benefits Program (the Program). The Program offers medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses as well as life insurance for retirees only. Employees who retire in accordance with the provisions of the TCDRS are covered as employees under the group health and related benefits program at the time of retirement, and are vested with the County are eligible to receive County health insurance benefits.

The employee's responsibility for the premium depends on whether they retired on or before December 31, 1996 or after as follows:

Retirement on or before December 31, 1996 -

The retiree pays the entire premium for retiree medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage as well as coverage for eligible dependents. The County does not pay any portion of this premium.

Retirement on or after January 1, 1997 -

The County pays 100% of the premium for retiree medical, prescription drug, dental, vision, and life insurance coverage. Retirees must pay the entire premium for coverage of eligible dependents. Life insurance is not available for dependents of retirees. Dependent coverage ends upon the cessation of premium payments.

Funding Policy

The County has elected to subsidize premiums for the plan and funding is provided on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost of the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the County's net OPEB obligation.

Annual Required Contribution	\$2,968,620
Interest on OPEB Obligation	593,130
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	(993,903)
Annual OPEB Cost Expense	2,567,847
Contributions Made	(896,299)
Change in Net OPEB Obligation	1,671,548
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	19,771,009
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$21,442,557

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the program, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the three preceding years are as follows:

			Net OPEB	Obligation
	Annual OPEB	Percentage of Annual OPEB		
Fiscal Year	Cost (ARC)	Cost Contributed	Beginning	Ending
2013	\$4,052,814	18.07%	\$11,405,922	\$14,726,360
2014	\$4,114,027	17.08%	\$14,726,360	\$18,108,010
2015	\$2,351,044	29.27%	\$18,108,010	\$19,771,009
2016	\$2,567,847	34.90%	\$19,771,009	\$21,442,557

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of October 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Program was 0.00% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$23,292,292, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$23,292,292.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing program involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Program and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of Program assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive program (the program as understood by the employer and the Program members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Program members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method Level Dollar
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years
Asset Valuation Method N/A
Investment Rate of Return 3.00%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate
(Initial/Ultimate) 13.0%/5.0%

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft, damage, or destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees or others; and natural disasters. The County's primary risk management activity is to maintain various types of insurance coverage to cover any significant losses that might be incurred.

The County is contingently liable with respect to claims or litigation arising from the ordinary course of operations. The settlement of such claims would require budget appropriations of future revenues. County officials have asserted that they have no significant pending or threatened litigation, or claims against the County that would have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County. Federal and State funds received during the current year and prior years through various grant programs are subject to audit by the applicable agencies. The County does not anticipate any substantial disallowance of project costs for any of the projects.

NOTE 14 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Effective for 2016, the CS & CD Civil Fees Fund of the Liberty-Chambers Counties Community Supervision and Corrections Department was reclassified from a special revenue fund to an agency fund held on behalf of the CS & CD Program (i.e., Adult Probation Program). Additionally, the Sheriff's Forfeiture Account and the Payroll Clearing Fund were reclassified from agency funds to a special revenue fund and as a component of the General Fund, respectively.

The above restatements had the following impact on previously reported balances.

Statement of Activities	Amount
Net Position, October 1, 2015 as previously reported Change in presentation of funds Net Position, October 1, 2015 restated	\$(469,389) (9,762) \$(479,151)
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	Amount
Net Position, October 1, 2015 as previously reported Change in presentation of funds Net Position, October 1, 2015 restated	\$19,034,071 (9,762) \$19,024,309

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENT	FARY INFORMATION	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) – GENERAL AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	General Fund			
		•		Variance
	Original	Final		Favorable
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$21,137,458	\$21,137,458	\$22,131,788	\$994,330
Sales Tax	3,600,000	3,600,000	3,514,050	(85,950)
Other Taxes	41,500	41,500	55,172	13,672
Licenses and Permits	325,000	325,000	468,920	143,920
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	2,250,500	2,251,500	2,401,073	149,573
Charges for Services	77,500	77,500	159,207	81,707
Intergovernmental Revenue	907,570	907,570	516,640	(390,930)
Investment Income	80,000	80,000	71,081	(8,919)
Other Revenues	155,200	190,548	302,377	111,829
TOTAL REVENUES	28,574,728	28,611,076	29,620,308	1,009,232
EXPENDITURES:				
General Government:				
Commissioners' Court	443,112	453,716	452,903	813
County Clerk	887,458	891,414	888,644	2,770
Veterans Services	173,741	173,741	166,921	6,820
General Administration	2,337,900	1,839,616	1,708,949	130,667
Building Maintenance	490,148	484,858	479,502	5,356
Employee Benefits	540,000	546,876	334,464	212,412
	4,872,359	4,390,221	4,031,383	358,838
Judicial:				
County Judge	434.053	419,493	411,674	7,819
Justice Courts	1,113,150	1.125.635	1,093,937	31,698
County Court at Law	666,802	674,882	674,430	452
District Clerk	654,293	654,293	644,870	9,423
District Judges	1,262,364	1,262,964	1,228,708	34,256
Court Costs	505,500	524,710	524,205	505
Bond Supervision	143,163	143,163	142,191	972
	4,779,325	4,805,140	4,720,015	85,125
Legal:				
County Attorney	720,393	720,393	653,846	66,547
District Attorney	1,224,535	1,246,197	1,242,336	3,861
	1,944,928	1,966,590	1,896,182	70,408
Financial:			004.075	
County Auditor	438,638	417,949	391,375	26,574
County Treasurer	315,608	315,898	315,823	75
Tax Assessor-Collector	821,794	829,285	813,983	15,302
Data Processing	377,500	384,370	387,233	(2,863)
Central Appraisal District	774,066	759,738	755,495	4,243
Purchasing	209,538	209,538	199,104	10,434
	2,937,144	2,916,778	2,863,013	53,765

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) – GENERAL AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	General Fund			
	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Public Safety:				
Sheriff	\$5,809,919	\$5,900,938	\$5,801,073	\$99,865
Juvenile Probation	350,607	350,607	336,978	13,629
Jail Operations	4,363,150	4,218,072	3,947,371	270,701
Constables	1,443,649	1,460,275	1,431,868	28,407
Fire Marshall	326,069	513,420	505,648	7,772
Emergency Management	267,662	268,162	215,917	52,245
0 , 0	12,561,056	12,711,474	12,238,855	472,619
Health and Welfare:				· · ·
Public Welfare	599,000	612,720	610,531	2,189
Indigent Services	653,089	643,762	457,558	186,204
	1,252,089	1,256,482	1,068,089	188,393
Other:			•	,
Engineering	331,619	326,619	306,816	19,803
Extension Services	202,264	207,943	207,888	55
Special Projects	448,776	475,244	474,272	972
Capital Outlay	244,300	544,410	426,147	118,263
Housing Authority	126,470	126,470	63,986	62,484
,	1,353,429	1,680,686	1,479,109	201,577
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	29,700,330	29,727,371	28,296,646	1,430,726
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,125,602)	(1,116,295)	1,323,662	2,439,958
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In	40,000	150,000	89,131	(60,869)
Transfers Out	-	(34,153)	(34,153)	(00,000,
Capital Lease Issuance	-	28,401	28,401	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	40,000	144,248	83,379	(60,869)
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER SOURCES	(1,085,602)	(972,047)	1,407,041	2,379,088
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	10,062,864	10,062,864	10,062,864	-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$8,977,262	\$9,090,817	\$11,469,905	\$2,379,088

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) – GENERAL AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Road and Bridge Fund			
DEVENUES.	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES: Ad Valorem Taxes	\$5,290,233	\$5,290,233	\$5,522,953	\$232,720
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	1,575,000	1,575,000	1,672,456	97,456
Intergovernmental Revenue	57,000	57,000	1,273,951	1,216,951
Other Revenues	101,500	1,065,010	332,209	(732,801)
TOTAL REVENUES	7,023,733	7,987,243	8,801,569	814,326
EXPENDITURES: Public Transportation:				107.470
Precinct No. 1	1,522,113	1,718,426	1,593,253	125,173
Precinct No. 2	2,503,355	2,883,599	2,738,723	144,876
Precinct No. 3	1,116,957	1,333,078	1,192,502	140,576
Precinct No. 4	1,814,327	2,106,397	2,104,855	1,542
Other: Solid Waste Services	6,956,752 510,700	8,041,500 571,700	7,629,333 568,867	412,167 2,833
Debt Service	378,000	484,095	484,095	_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,845,452	9,097,295	8,682,295	415,000
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(821,719)	(1,110,052)	119,274	1,229,326
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In (Out)	260,000	260,000	260,000	
Capital Lease Issuance	200,000	299,208	377,019 637,019	77,811 77,811
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	260,000	559,208	037,019	77,011
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER SOURCES	(561,719)	(550,844)	756,293	1,307,137
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,539,543	1,539,543	1,539,543	· -
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$977,824	\$988,699	\$2,295,836	\$1,307,137
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) – GENERAL AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Debt Service Fund			
DEVENUES.	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES: Ad Valorem Taxes Other Revenues	\$1,507,904 7,000	\$1,507,904 7,000	\$1,629,264 3,565	\$121,360 (3.435)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,514,904	1,514,904	1,632,829	(3,435) 117,925
EXPENDITURES: Other:				
Paying Agent	5,000	5,000	800	4,200
Debt Service:	5,000	5,000	800	4,200
Principal Interest	1,265,000 344,904	1,265,000 344,904	1,265,000 344,904	-
	1,609,904	1,609,904	1,609,904	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,614,904	1,614,904	1,610,704	4,200
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(100,000)	(100,000)	22,125	122,125
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	307,587	307,587	307,587	-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$207,587	\$207,587	\$329,712	\$122,125

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS — TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Year Ended December 31			
	2015	2014		
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	#0.046.006	60 000 E60		
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	\$2,046,096	\$2,003,568		
Effect of Plan Changes	5,447,108	5,155,196		
•	(338,793)	•		
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs Effect of Economic/Demographis (Gains) or Losses	719,589	-		
- · · · · ·	(788,157)	63,539		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Participant Contributions	(4,028,204)	(3,631,500)		
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,057,639	3,590,803		
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	68,033,321	64,442,518		
Total Pension Liability – Ending (a)	\$71,090,960	\$68,033,321		
, , ,	Ψ11,000,000	Ψοσ,σσσ,σ21		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions – Employer	\$2,307,041	\$2,234,405		
Contributions – Members	973,729	913,602		
Investment Income net of Investment Expenses	(278,020)	3.810.026		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Participant	(=: -,-=-/	-,,		
Contributions	(4,028,204)	(3,631,500)		
Administrative Expense	(42,246)	(44,404)		
Other	24,553	(49,784)		
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,043,147)	3,232,345		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning	59,269,207	56,036,862		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending (b)	\$58,226,060	\$59,269,207		
Net Pension Liability – Ending (a) – (b)	\$12,864,900	\$8,764,114		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of				
Total Pension Liability	81.90%	87.12%		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$13,748,824	\$13,051,454		
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of				
Covered Employee Payroll	93.57%_	67.15%		

Notes to schedule:

1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiles, only available information is shown.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS -TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	9/30/2016	9/30/2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$2,443,426	\$2,261,985
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	2,443,426	2,261,985
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$14,469,792	\$13,411,424
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	16.89%	16.87%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determed contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and

become effective in January thirteen months later

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry Age

Amortization Method

Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period

14.1 Years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/15 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method

5 Year smoothed market

Inflation

3.0%

Salary Increases

Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return

8.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age

Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement

for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality

In the 2015 actuarial valuation, assumed life expectancies were adjusted as a result of adopting a new projection scale (110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate Scale) for 2014 and later. Previously Scale AA had been used. The base table is the

RP-2000 table projected with Scale AA to 2014.

Other Information:

Notes

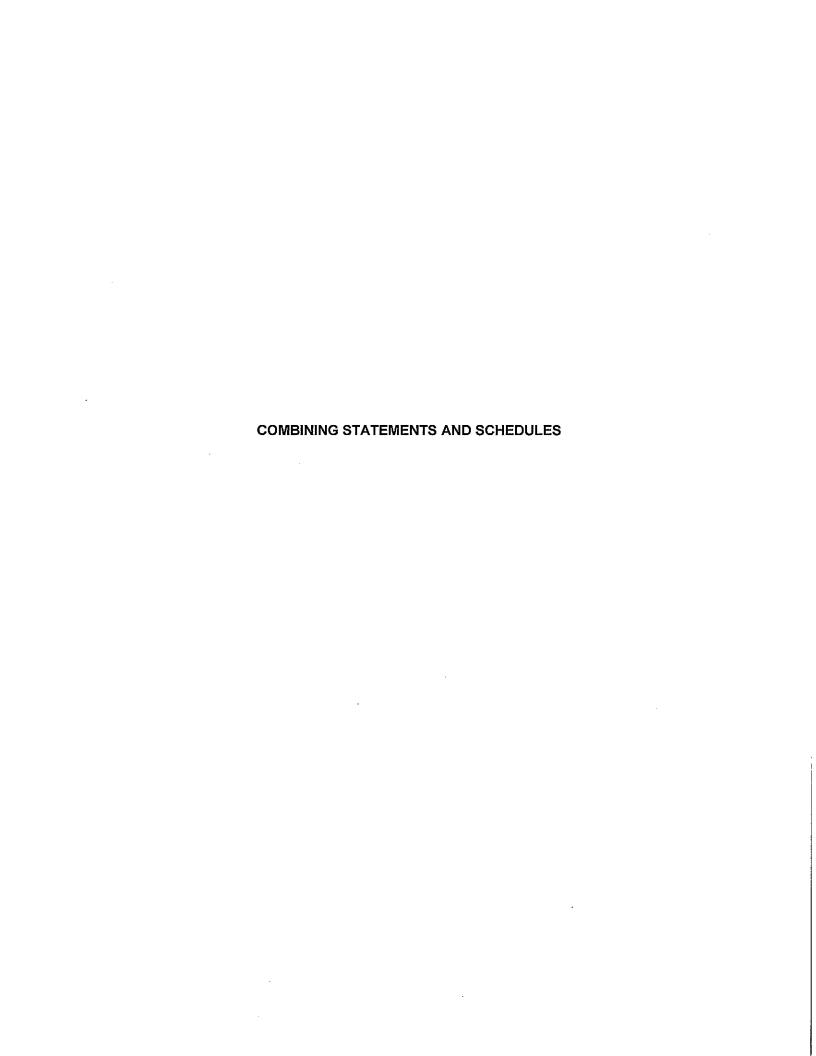
No changes in plan provisions are reflected in the Schedule of Employer

Contributions.

LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets a	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio a/b	Annual Covered Payroll C	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
10/1/2008	\$ -	\$24,876,324	\$24,876,324	0%	N/A	N/A
10/1/2010	\$ -	\$29,027,347	\$29,027,347	0%	\$10,485,551	277%
10/1/2012	\$ -	\$35,240,230	\$35,240,230	0%	\$10,510,280	335%
10/1/2014	\$ -	\$23,292,292	\$23,292,292	0%	\$10,304,680	226%

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

District Attorney Fund — The District Attorney Fund accounts for revenues received from the State of Texas and fees collected in connection with processing checks issued or passed in violation of the Texas Penal Code. Fees deposited in this fund are used to defray expenses of the District attorney's office.

District Attorney Forfeiture Fund – The District Attorney Forfeiture Fund accounts for forfeitures from drug related cases for use by the District Attorney's office.

Child Crimes Special Investigator Fund - The Child Crimes Special Investigator Fund accounts for revenue received from the State used for salaries and other costs associated with the Child Crimes unit.

Victims Assistance Coordinator Fund — The Victims Assistance Coordinator Fund accounts for revenue received from the State used for salaries and other costs associated with providing assistance to victims of crime.

Land Acquisition Fund – The Land Acquisition Fund accounts for special vehicle registration fees designated for the acquisition of right-of-way for road expansion.

Election Service Contract Fund – The Elections Service Contract Fund accounts for revenues related to county elections.

County Clerk Records Management Fund – The County Clerk Records Management fund accounts for revenues received from a special records management and preservation fee designated for records management and preservation services performed by the County Clerk.

District Clerk TDCJ Fund – The District Clerk TDCJ Fund accounts for revenues received from Texas Department of Criminal Justice (TDCJ) designated for the use of a District clerk in a county in which a state prison facility is located.

Law Library Fund – The Law Library Fund accounts for the operation of a law library for use by members of the Texas Bar Association. Financing is provided from fees assessed in each civil case filed in County and District Courts.

JP Technology Fund – The JP Technology Fund accounts for technology fees collected as a cost of court from defendants convicted of misdemeanor offenses. The fund may be used only to finance the purchase of technological enhancements and is administered by the Commissioners' Court.

County and District Court Technology Fund – The County and District Court Technology Fund accounts for technology fees collected as a cost of court from defendants. The fund may be used only to finance the purchase of technological enhancements.

County Record Preservation – The County Record Preservation, Fund is used to account for preservation services provided by the District Clerk.

Pre-trial Diversion Fund – The Pre-trial Diversion Fund accounts for fees collected for the pre-trial diversion program of the County Attorney's office.

Homeland Security Fund – The Homeland Security Fund accounts for revenues received from the Texas Engineering Extension Service to purchase equipment for the prevention of and response to potential terrorist acts.

Adult Gang Investigator Fund – The Adult Gang Investigator Fund accounts for revenue received from the State for salaries and other costs associated with the Adult Gangs unit.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

District Clerk Child Support Fund — The District Clerk child Support Fund accounts for reimbursements received from the Office of the Attorney General for processing child support payments sent to the County as part of the Cooperative Agreement for Title IV, Part D of the Federal Social Security Act (IV-D) child support enforcement program. The purpose of this program is to provide the County child support register with a mechanism for supporting and improving the IV_D child support case services provided by the County.

Courthouse Security Fund – The Courthouse Security Fund accounts for court filing fees designated for security services for buildings housing a District or County court.

District Clerk Records Management Fund – The District Clerk Records Management Fund accounts for revenues received from a special records management and preservation fee designated for records management and preservation services performed by the District Clerk.

Commissioners' Court Records Management Fund — The Commissioners' Court Records Management Fund accounts for revenues received from a special records management and preservation fee designated for records management and preservation services performed by the Commissioners' Court.

Constables Seizures and Forfeitures Fund – The Constables Seizures and Forfeitures Fund accounts for seizures and forfeitures from drug related cases. Funds are restricted for law enforcement purposes.

County Sheriff Programs Fund – The County Sheriff Programs Fund accounts for revenues received by the Sheriff's office for participation in the seizure of property during criminal investigations. Funds are restricted for law enforcement purposes.

DARE Fund – The Dare Fund accounts for revenues received from the surrounding community to support work with children to increase drug awareness and resistance. Funds are restricted for this purpose.

District Attorney Federal Forfeiture Fund – The District Attorney Federal Forfeiture Fund accounts for federally forfeited property received from the U.S. Department of Justice.

Commissary Fund – The Commissary Fund accounts for revenues received from commissary activities in the County jail.

Sheriff's COPS Grant Fund – The Sheriff's COPS Grant Fund accounts for grant revenues received from the Texas Department of Public Safety.

CDBG (GLO #12-219-000-5519) - This CDBG Fund accounts for grant revenues received from Texas General Land Office under the Community Development Block Grant Program for disaster recovery from Hurricane lke for the benefit of unincorporated areas withing the County.

CDBG (GLO #13-307-000-7582) - This CDBG Fund accounts for grant revenues received from Texas General Land Office under the Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program for Non-rental Housing Projects for areas affected by Hurricane Ike.

CDBG (GLO #13-308-000-7583) - This CDBG Fund accounts for grant revenues received from Texas General Land Office under the Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program for Non-rental Housing Projects for areas affected by Hurricane Ike.

LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund – The CDBG Disaster Recovery fund accounts for grant revenues received from Texas General Land Office under the Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program Round 2.2 for disaster recovery relief from Hurricane Ike.

CDBG Hardin Water Supply Fund - The CDBG Hardin Water Supply Fund accounts for grant revenues received under the Community Development Block Grant program for benefit to Hardin Water Supply for construction of water line improvements.

TDHCA Grant Fund – The TDHCA Grant Fund accounts for revenues received for the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs grant program.

FEMA Grant Fund – The FEMA Grant Fund accounts for revenues received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency grant program.

DRS TDRA Grant Fund (GLO# 11-316-000-5075) – The DRS TDRA Grant Fund accounts for grant revenues received from the Texas General Land Office for disaster recovery for benefit of unincorporated areas within the County.

County Attorney Check Collection Fund – The County Attorney Check Collection Fund accounts for fees collected in connection with processing checks issued or passed in violation of the Texas Penal Code. Fees deposited in this fund are used to defray expense of the County Attorney's office.

District Attorney Seizures Fund – The District Attorney Seizures Fund accounts for funds seized in drug arrests until said funds are determined to be forfeited to the arresting police agencies, to the District Attorney, or returned to the rightful owner.

County Sheriff Forfeitures Fund – The County Sheriff Forfeitures Fund accounts for funds forfeited from funds seized in drug arrests. The funds are restricted for law enforcement purposes.

Juvenile Probation Fund – The Juveniled Probation Fund accounts for revenues received from the Texas Juvenile Probation Commission under an agreement to provide juvenile offenders with a program of rehabilitation. Funds are restricted for this purpose.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

<u>-</u>	Special Revenue Funds					
· -	District Attorney	District Attorney Forfeiture Fund	Child Crimes Special Investigator	Victims Assistance Coordinator		
ASSETS Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$59,157	\$726,003	\$32,877	-		
Receivables, net Due from Other Governments	-	- 29,660	- 11,010	- \$11,421		
Due from Others	-	-	· -	· -		
Due from Other Funds TOTAL ASSETS	59,157	755,663	43,887	2,992 14,413		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES	-	-				
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$59,157	\$755,663	\$43,887	\$14,413		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	_	-	- '	-		
Due to Other Governments	#0.0FF	-	-	#2 270 -		
Due to Others Due to Other Funds	\$8,255 19,248	\$2,992	\$38,629	\$3,370 11,043		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,503	2,992	38,629	14,413		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	u.	-	_			
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:						
Community Development	-	-		-		
Public Safety Judicial	- -	-	5,258	-		
Legal	31,654	752,671	-	-		
Records Management TOTAL FUND BALANCES	31,654	752,671	5,258			
TOTAL LIABILITIES,	01,001	- TOMINET				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND						
BALANCES	\$59,157	\$755,663	\$43,887	\$14,413		

Special Revenue Funds

Land Acquisition	Elections Service Contract	County Clerk Records Management	District Clerk TDCJ	Law Library	JP Technology
\$1,252,991	\$26,594	\$428,522	\$16,448	\$6,215	\$154,253
-	-	<u>.</u>	-	-	-
-	-	-	_	-	-
169,239		400 500	40.440	1,000	454050
1,422,230	26,594	428,522	16,448	7,215	154,253
			-	-	_
\$1,422,230	\$26,594	\$428,522	<u>\$16,448</u>	\$7,215	\$154,253
\$2,129 -	-	-	- -	\$6,896 -	\$828 -
_	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-
2,129				6,896	828
<u>-</u>					
1,420,101	-	_	_	_	-
-	-	-	- 040 440	-	450.405
-	<u>.</u>	-	\$16,448 -	- 319	153,425
_	\$26,594_	\$428,522		_	
1,420,101	26,594	428,522	16,448	319	153,425
\$1,422,230	\$26,594	\$428,522	\$16,448	\$7,215	\$154,25 3

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds					
	County & District Court Technology	County Record Preservation	Pre-trial Diversion	Homeland Security		
ASSETS Cash & Cash Equivalents Receivables, net	\$14,254 -	\$76,754	\$167,722	\$121		
Due from Other Governments Due from Others	- - -	-	- - -	-		
Due from Other Funds TOTAL ASSETS	14,254	76,754	167,722	121		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>-</u> _					
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$14,254	\$76,754	\$167,722	\$121		
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and						
Accrued Liabilities	-	-	-	<u>-</u>		
Due to Other Governments Due to Others	-	. -	-	\$121 -		
Due to Other Funds						
TOTAL LIABILITIES				121		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:						
Community Development	-	-	-	-		
Public Safety	#44 DE4	-	-	-		
Judicial Legal	\$14,254 -	-	\$167,722	-		
Records Management		\$76,754	<u> </u>			
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	14,254	76,754	167,722			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND						
BALANCES	\$14,254	\$76,754	\$167,722	\$121		

Special Revenue Funds

Adult Gang Investigator	District Clerk Child Support	Courthouse Security	District Clerk Records Management	Commissioners' Court Records Management	Constables Seizures and Forfeitures
-	\$30,970	\$93,864	\$43,195	\$292,759	\$39,345
\$27,959 -	10,004 -	- - 574	- -	- - -	- -
27,959	40,974	94,438	43,195	292,759	39,345
\$27,959	\$40,974	\$94,438	\$43,195	\$292,759	\$39,345
\$ 61	-	\$357 -	- -	\$360 -	- -
27,898_	-	-	-	-	\$4,744
27,959		357		360	4,744
-	-	- 94,081	-	- -	- 34,601
-	\$40,974	94,001	-	-	34,601
- -	- -	- -	- \$43,195	292,399	- -
_	40,974	94,081	43,195	292,399	34,601
\$27,959	\$40,974	\$94,438	\$43,195	\$292,759	\$39,345

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds				
	County Sheriff Seizures	DARE	District Attorney Federal Forfeiture	Commissary	
ASSETS Cash & Cash Equivalents Receivables, net Due from Other Governments Due from Others Due from Other Funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$630,362 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$5,669 - - - - 5,669	\$26,384 - - - - - 26,384	\$64,360 - - - - 64,360	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$630,362	\$5,669	\$26,384	\$64,360	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Governments Due to Others Due to Other Funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$25 625,839 - 625,864	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				·	
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Community Development Public Safety Judicial Legal Records Management TOTAL FUND BALANCES	4,498 - - - 4,498	\$5,669 - - - 5,669	\$26,384 - 26,384	\$64,360 - - - - 64,360	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$630,362	\$5,669	\$26,384	\$64,360	

Sheriff's COPS Grant	CDBG (GLO# 12-219- 000-5519)	CDBG (GLO# 13-307- 000-7582)	CDBG (GLO#13-308- 000-7583)	CDBG Disaster Recovery	CDBG Hardin Water Supply
\$31,045	_	\$96,629	-	\$9,431	
- -	\$79,571 -	9,615	\$397,668 -	9,751 -	\$3,300
31,045	79,571	106,244	397,668	19,182	3,300
_					
\$31,045	\$79,571	\$106,244	\$397,668	\$19,182	\$3,300
<u>.</u>	\$8,399 -	\$94,279	\$393,256 -	\$5,516 -	
<u>-</u>	71,172 79,571	11,965 106,244	4,412 397,668	13,666 19,182	\$3,300 3,300
- \$31,045	<u>-</u>	Ī	-		
31,045		-		<u>-</u>	
\$31,045	\$79,571	\$106,244	\$397,668	\$19,182	\$3,300

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds			
	TDHCA Grant	FEMA Grant	DRS TDRA Grant	County Attorney Check Collection
ASSETS Cash & Cash Equivalents Receivables, net Due from Other Governments	- - -	- -	- \$100,219	\$31,265 - -
Due from Others Due from Other Funds TOTAL ASSETS		-	100,219	290 - 31,555
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u> </u>			
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_		\$100,219	\$31,555
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Governments Due to Others	-	- - -	\$31,448 -	\$1,074 -
Due to Other Funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>-</u>		68,771 100,219	1,074
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Community Development Public Safety Judicial Legal Records Management TOTAL FUND BALANCES	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	30,481
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	-	_	\$100,219	\$31,555

District Attorney Seizures Fund	County Sheriff Forfeitures Fund	Juvenile Probation	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$7,505 - - - - - - 7,505	\$457,663 - - - - 457,663	\$314 25,212 - - 25,526	\$4,822,357 314 705,775 10,479 173,231 5,712,156
\$7,505	\$457,663	\$25,526	\$5,712,156
\$7,505 	- - - - -	\$16,355 16,355	\$450,349 94,400 661,678 277,486 1,483,913
			<u> </u>
-	\$457,663 - - - - 457,663	9,171 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,420,101 706,346 251,485 982,847 867,464 4,228,243
\$7,505	\$457,663	\$25,526	\$5,712,156

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds			
	District Attorney	District Attorney Forfeiture Fund	Child Crimes Special Investigator	Victims Assistance Coordinator
REVENUES:				
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$46,575	\$511,448	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	30,345	-	\$72,860	\$65,187
Investment Income	-	-	-	-
Other Revenues & Receipts TOTAL REVENUES	76 000	E11 110	70.960	65 107
TOTAL REVENUES	76,920	511,448	72,860	65,187
EXPENDITURES:				
General Government	_	<u>-</u>	_	_
Judicial		_	_	-
Legal	72,892	98,590	-	-
Public Safety		-	71,292	65,187
Public Transportation	-	-	-	-
Community Development	-	-	-	-
Capital Expenditures	70.000	46,980		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	72,892	145,570_	71,292	65,187
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,028	365,878	1,568	_
OVER (ONDER) EXI ENDITOREO	4,020		1,000	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers In	_	-	5,010	-
Operating Transfers Out			(1,546)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
(USES)			3,464	
Not Oham up in Found Balance	4.000	005.070	C 000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,028	365,878	5,032 226	-
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year Fund Balances, End of Year	27,626 \$31,654	386,793 \$752,671	\$5,258	
Fully Dalatices, Elly of Teat	φ31 ₁ 034	Φ10Z ₁ 011	Ψυ,∠υο	

Land Acquisition	Elections Service Contract	County Clerk Records Management	District Clerk TDCJ	Law Library	JP Technology
\$400,099	-	\$227,100	_	\$44,484	\$23,332
-	\$7,003	· , -	-	· · -	· •
-	-	-	-	. -	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
- 400.000	7.000			44.404	
400,099	7,003	227,100		44,484	23,332
-	-	76,602	_	_	
-	=		\$469	69,327	27,175
_	-	-	· •		· <u>-</u>
_	-	-	-	-	-
58,731	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	- 0.550	-	-	-
		9,550	400		07.475
58,731		86,152	469	69,327	27,175
341,368	7,003	140,948	(469)	(24,843)	(3,843)
	1,000	1101010		<u></u>	<u> </u>
-	-	-	-	25,843	-
(300,000)				-	
(000.000)				05.040	
(300,000)				25,843	
41,368	7,003	140,948	(469)	1,000	(3,843)
1,378,733	19,591	287,574	16,917	(681)	157,268
\$1,420,101	\$26,594	\$428,522	\$16,448	\$319	\$153,425

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds			
	County & District Court Technology	County Record Preservation	Pre-trial Diversion	Homeland Security
REVENUES:				
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$1,839	\$14,745	\$48,213	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	- 4111 61E
Intergovernmental Investment Income	-	-	-	\$111,615 -
Other Revenues & Receipts	- -	-	-	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,839	14,745	48,213	111,615
EVERIE IDEC.				
EXPENDITURES: General Government	_	_	_	_
Judicial	_	-	-	-
Legal	-	-	65,116	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	2,874
Public Transportation Community Development	-	-	- -	-
Capital Expenditures				108,741
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	•		65,116	111,615
EVOCAG OF DEVENUES				
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,839	14,745	(16,903)	_
OVER (ONDER) ENDITORIES			(10,000)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers In	-	-	-	(25,447)
Operating Transfers Out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				(20,441)
(USES)				(25,447)
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,839	14,745	(16,903)	(25,447)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	12,415	62,009	184,625	25,447
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$14,254	\$ 76,754	\$167,722	

			District Clerk	Commissioners'	Constables
Adult Gang	District Clerk	Courthouse	Records	Court Records	Seizures and
Investigator	Child Support	Security	Management	Management	Forfeitures Fund
-	-	\$57,903	\$16,415	\$20,978	\$21,175
-	\$29,971	-	-	-	-
-	φ29,97 I	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_
\$89,923	_	_		_	_
89,923	29,971	57,903	16,415	20,978	21,175
09,023	20,071	07,500	10,410	20,010	21,170
-	-	-	-	8,439	-
<u></u>	49,624	63,027	9,428	· •	-
=	=	-	-	=	-
89,923	-	-	-	-	4,800
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
	40.004			37,500	4.000
89,923	49,624	63,027	9,428	45,939	4,800
	(19,653)	(5,124)	6,987_	(24,961)	16,375
-	3,300	-	-	-	-
	-				t-
-	3,300			_	
-	(16,353)	(5,124)	6,987	(24,961)	16,375
	57,327	99,205	36,208	317,360	18,226
-	\$40,974	\$94,081	\$43,195	\$292,399	\$34,601

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds			
	County Sheriff Programs	DARE	District Attorney Federal Forfeiture	Commissary
REVENUES:				
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	\$55,235
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Investment Income Other Revenues & Receipts	<u>-</u>	\$3,132		
TOTAL REVENUES		3,132		55,235
EVDENDITUDES.				
EXPENDITURES: General Government	_	_	_	_
Judicial	<u>-</u>	_		_
Legal	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	1,350	3,389	-	51,970
Public Transportation	-	-	-	-
Community Development Capital Expenditures	-	<u>-</u>	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,350	3,389		51,970
EXCESS OF REVENUES		<i>,</i>		
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,350)_	(257)	-	3,265
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Operating Transfers Out				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
(USES)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,350)	(257)	-	3,265
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	5,848	5,926	\$26,384	61,095
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$4,498	\$5,669	\$26,384	\$64,360

Sheriff's COPS Grant	CDBG (GLO# 12-219- 000-5519)	CDBG (GLO# 13-307- 000-7582)	CDBG (GLO#13-308- 000-7583)	CDBG Disaster Recovery	CDBG Hardin Water Supply
	_	-	-	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>
-	-	-	-	-	_
-	\$139,399	\$4,563,750	\$1,046,183	\$9,751	\$69,156
-	-	-	-	-	-
	400,000	4 500 750	4 040 400	0.754	
	139,399	4,563,750	1,046,183	9,751	69,156
<u></u>	_	_	-	_	_
-	-	-	_	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	139,399	4,563,750	1,046,183	9,751	58,090
	138,388	4,565,750	1,040,103	9,751	56,090
	139,399	4,563,750	1,046,183	9,751	58,090
					11,066
-	(3,347)	-	-	-	-
-	(0,0-11)				
	(3,347)	-	-	-	_
	·				
- · · · · · -	(3,347)	-	-	-	11,066
\$31,045	3,347	<u></u>			(11,066)
\$31,045	-	_	_	_	-

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		Special Rever	nue Funds	
	TDHCA Grant	FEMA Grant	DRS TDRA Grant	County Attorney Check Collection
REVENUES: Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	\$6,292
Charges for Services Intergovernmental Investment Income	-	- -	\$97,279 -	-
Other Revenues & Receipts TOTAL REVENUES	-		97,279	6,292
EXPENDITURES:				
General Government Judicial Legal	- -	-	<u>-</u>	3,999
Public Safety Public Transportation	-	-	<u>.</u>	-
Community Development Capital Expenditures TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	. -	107,328	
EXCESS OF REVENUES			107,328	3,999
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	(10,049)	2,293_
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In	#/O DEO\	- • (40 F44)	-	-
Operating Transfers Out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$(2,250) (2,250)	\$(16,541) (16,541)	<u>-</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,250)	(16,541)	(10,049)	2,293
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year Fund Balances, End of Year	2,250	<u>16,541</u>	10,049	28,188 \$30,481

District			
	0		T-4-1 NI
Attorney	County Sheriff		Total Nonmajor
Seizures	Forfeitures	Juvenile	Governmental
Fund	Fund	Probation	Funds
-	\$740,005	-	\$2,180,603
-	_	-	62,238
-	-	\$425,862	6,661,358
-	_	-	-
-	-	_	93,055
	740,005	425,862	8,997,254
-	<u>-</u>	-	85,041
<u></u>	-	-	219,050
7	<u>_</u>	-	240,597
	224,894	384,864	900,543
			58,731
_	· _	-	5,817,173
_	75,215	.	385,314
	300,109	384,864	7,706,449
	000,100		1,100,110
_	439,896	40,998	1,290,805
	400,000	40,000	1,200,000
_	_	_	34,153
_	_	_	(349,131)
			(070, 101)
_	_	_	(314,978)
		·	(017,010)
_	439,896	40,998	975,827
	17,767	(31,827)	3,252,416
	\$457,663	\$9,171	\$4,228,243
_	Φ407,003	Φ Β, 1 / 1	<i>Φ</i> 4,∠∠0,∠43

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LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

AGENCY FUNDS

Inmate Release Fund - The Inmate Release Fund accounts for funds received by or for the benefit of inmates. Funds are used for the inmates' commissary and medical needs.

County Officials Escrow Fund – The County Officials Escrow Fund accounts for assets held by the County as agent for other governments, courts or individuals.

State Court Costs Fund – The State Court costs Fund accounts for assets held by the County on behalf of other governments.

Old River Drainage District No. 1 Fund – The Old River Drainage District No. 1 Fund accounts for funds held on behalf of Old River Drainage District No. 1.

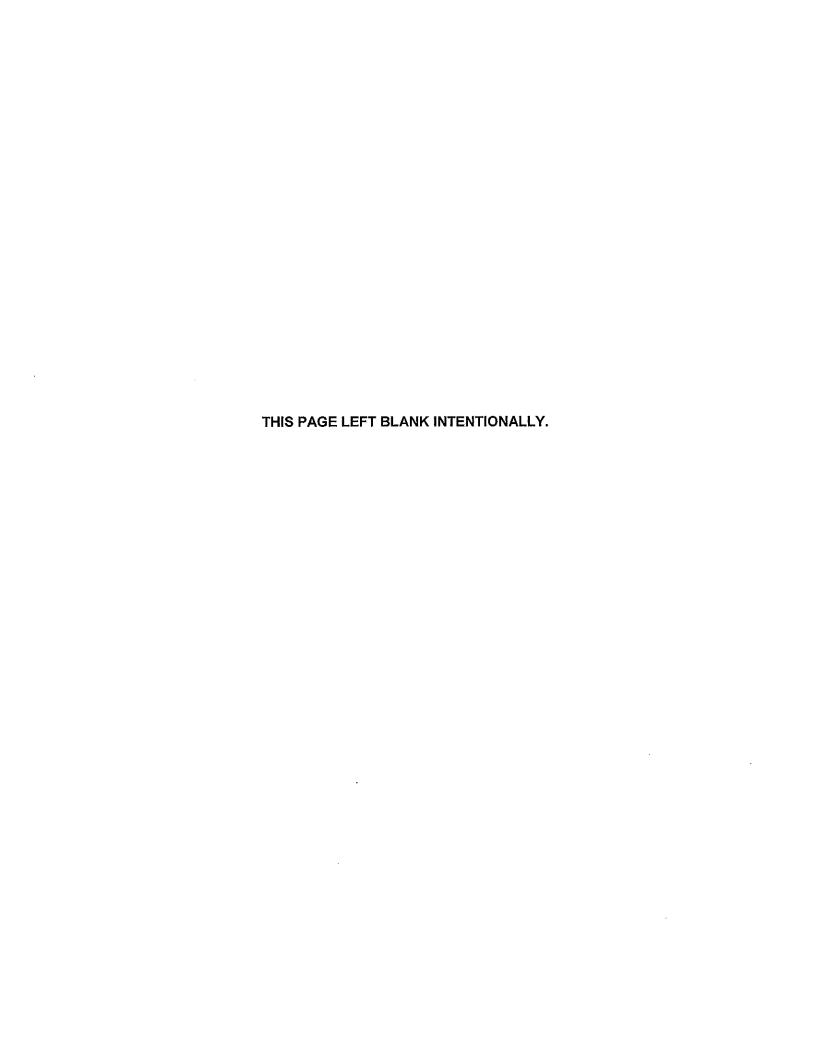
CS & CD Fund – The CS & CD Fund accounts for funds held on behalf of the Liberty-Chambers Counties Community Supervision and Corrections Department (Adult Probation Programs).

LCSO Fine & Bond Account Fund – The LCSO Fine & Bond Account Fund accounts for funds received from inmates for fines and bonds.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Agency Funds			
	Inmate Release	County Officials Escrow	State Court Costs	Old River Drainage District
ASSETS Cash & Cash Equivalents Due from Others	\$77,285 	\$4,377,771 	\$171,039 16,599	\$899,538
TOTAL ASSETS	\$77,285	\$4,377,771	\$187,638	\$899,538
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Governments Due to Others	- - \$77,285	- - \$4,377,771	\$2,044 185,594 	\$6,861 - 892,677
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$77,285	\$4,377,771	\$187,638	\$899,538

CS &CD	LCSO Fine & Bond Account	Total Agency Funds	
\$803,407 56,380	\$305 	\$6,329,345 72,979	
\$859,787	\$305	\$6,402,324	
\$10,551 	\$305 	\$19,456 185,899 6,196,969	
\$859,787	\$305	\$6,402,324	



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